Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all previous versions and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1-59. (Canceled)
- 60. (New) A method of diagnosing a cancer that is nonspecific to various organs comprising the steps of:
 - contacting a cancer cell specific HLA-F antigen, which comprises an amino acid sequence corresponding to SEQ ID No. 6, with a body fluid of a subject;
 - reacting the HLA-F antigen with an anti-HLA-F antibody in the body fluid to form an immune complex;
 - applying a secondary antibody to the immune complex in the body fluid, said secondary antibody being labeled;

reacting the labeled secondary antibody with the immune complex in the body fluid;

detecting the labeled secondary antibody reacted to the immune complex by using the label; and

diagnosing the subject as having the cancer.

- 61. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein the cancer cell specific HLA-F antigen is obtained by expressing a DNA sequence corresponding to SEQ ID No. 3.
 - 62. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein the body fluid is serum.

- 63. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein the labeled secondary antibody is selected from the group consisting of an anti-human IgG rabbit antibody, an anti-human IgG mouse antibody, and an anti-human IgG goat antibody.
- 64. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein the cancer is selected from the group consisting of liver cancer, stomach cancer, uterine cancer, breast cancer, pancreatic cancer, and ovarian cancer.
- 65. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein the cancer is selected from the group consisting of liver cancer and stomach cancer.
- 66. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein the cancer is selected from the group consisting of liver cancer and uterine cancer.
- 67. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein the cancer is selected from the group consisting of uterine cancer and stomach cancer.
- 68. (New) A method of diagnosing a cancer that is nonspecific to various organs comprising the steps of:

contacting a cancer cell specific HLA-F antigen with a body fluid of a subject, said antigen having a molecular weight selected from the group consisting of 29kD, 25kD, 18 kD,

or 13kD and which comprises at least a part of the amino acid sequence corresponding to SEQ ID No. 6;

reacting the HLA-F antigen with an anti-HLA-F antibody in the body fluid to form an immune complex;

applying a secondary antibody to the immune complex in the body fluid, said secondary antibody being labeled;

reacting the labeled secondary antibody with the immune complex in the body fluid; detecting the labeled secondary antibody reacted to the immune complex by using the label; and

diagnosing the subject as a patient having the cancer.

69. (New) A method of diagnosing a cancer that is nonspecific to various organs comprising the steps of:

contacting a cancer cell specific HLA-F antigen comprising at least an amino acid sequence corresponding to SEQ ID No. 5 with a body fluid of a subject;

reacting the HLA-F antigen with an anti-HLA-F antibody in the body fluid to form an immune complex;

applying a secondary antibody to the immune complex in the body fluid, said secondary antibody being labled;

reacting the labeled secondary antibody with the immune complex in the body fluid; detecting the labeled secondary antibody reacted to the immune complex by using the label; and

diagnosing the subject as a patient having the cancer.

- 70. (New) The method of claim 69, wherein the cancer cell specific HLA-F antigen is obtained by expressing a DNA sequence which comprises at least the DNA sequence corresponding to SEQ ID No. 2.
- 71. (New) A method of diagnosing a cancer that is nonspecific to various organs comprising the steps of:
 - contacting a cancer cell specific HLA-F antigen with the body fluid of a subject, said cancer cell specific antigen comprising at least an amino acid sequence corresponding to SEQ ID No. 4;
 - reacting the HLA-F antigen with an anti-HLA-F antibody in the body fluid to form an immune complex;
 - applying a secondary antibody to the immune complex in the body fluid, said secondary antibody being labeled;

reacting the labeled secondary antibody with the immune complex in the body fluid;

detecting the labeled secondary antibody reacted to the immune complex by using the label;

and

diagnosing the subject as a patient having the cancer.

72. (New) The method of claim 71, wherein the cancer cell specific HLA-F antigen is obtained by expressing a DNA sequence which comprises at least a DNA sequence corresponding to SEQ ID No. 1.